



COMPREHENSION AND RECALL

1. The total number of Canadian lives lost in Hong Kong was _____.
2. The British prime minister at the time was _____.
3. _____ changed the British prime minister's mind to conclude that it was worthwhile to provide at least a symbolic defense of Hong Kong.
4. The first Canadian troops designated for Hong Kong duty were _____.
5. The Canadian Prime Minister at the time was _____.
6. The Canadian government officially designated these troops as "unfit for combat" because _____.
7. The second battalion, soon added, with the same designation, was _____.
8. The number of troops to be sent to Hong Kong was _____.
9. The number of nursing sisters sent with the contingent was _____.
10. The voyage from Vancouver to Hong Kong lasted _____.
11. The date the Canadian contingent arrived in Hong Kong was _____.
12. The population of the colony had swollen to two million because of _____.
13. The principal city on the island was _____, and on the mainland, _____.
14. The main line of defense between the advancing Japanese forces and the defending troops on the mainland was _____.
15. Despite estimates that the number of Japanese troops was no more than 5,000, the real number of attackers was at least _____.
16. The incident that occurred at 7:50 a.m. on December 7, 1941 was _____.
17. The other sites, often overlooked or forgotten, which were also attacked in the hours immediately following that first attack were _____, _____, and _____.
18. The Gin Drinkers' Line was supposed to hold out for weeks. The Japanese Forces captured it within _____.
19. The first Canadian infantryman to die in combat on the ground in the Second World War was _____ of the _____ Battalion. The circumstances surrounding his death included _____.
20. The name of the narrowest passage between the mainland occupied by the Japanese and the island held by the defenders was _____.
21. The date that the Japanese first crossed over to Hong Kong island was _____.
22. The number of Japanese who invaded the island in the first assault was _____.
23. For his bravery at the Battle of Wong Nei Chong Gap, Canada's highest military honour, the Victoria Cross was won by _____.
24. The evidence that UN investigators found after the war confirmed what had taken place immediately after the surrender. What was that evidence?
25. The most shocking massacre during the siege of Hong Kong took place at _____.
26. The official surrender of Hong Kong took place at _____ (time) on _____ Day, _____ (year).
27. The nickname of the notorious Japanese guard, born in Canada, who committed numerous atrocities was _____.
28. List at least six of the conditions that made life in the POW camps inhumane. _____
29. The epidemic that deepened the tragedy in camp was _____. It killed a total of _____ men.
30. Name three types of projects the POW's in the various camps had to work on. _____